THE TRUE NORTHERNER. Published Every Wednesday.

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REPUBLICAN TICKET.

National.

State.

For President-

WILLIAM McKINLEY of Ohio. GARRETT A. HOBART of New Jersey.

For Governor-HAZEN S. PINGREE.

THOMAS B. DUNSTAN. For Secretary of State-WASHINGTON GARDNER. For State Treasurer-GEORGE A. STEEL

For Auditor General-ROSCOE D. DIX. For Attorney General-FRED A. MAYNARD.

For Commissioner of the State Land Office-WILLIAM A. FRENCH. For Superintendent of Public Instruction JASON E. HAMMOND. For Member of State Board of Education-

JAMES W. SIMMONS. Congressional.

For Member of Congress-(4th district)-EDWARD L. HAMILTON. Legislative.

For State Senator-(8th District)-GEORGE W. MERRIMAN. For Representative-CHARLES C. PHILLIPS of Bangor. County Ticket.

For Judge of Probate-JAMES H. JOHNSON of South Haven. For Sheriff-

CHARLES A. LAMBERSON of Pine Grove For County Clerk-JOSEPH S. BUCK of Antwerp.

For Register of Deeds-THOMAS M. HARVEY of Bangor. For County Treasurer-GILBERT MITCHELL of Geneva.

For Prosecuting Attorney-JAMES E. CHANDLER of Paw Paw. For Circuit Court Commissioners-ORAN W. ROWLAND of Paw Paw.

GUY J. WICKSALL of South Haven. For County Surveyor-GEORGE MUTCHLER of Bangor. O. A. DEAN of South Haven.

S. M. TROWBRIDGE of Geneva.

Matter of Discriminating Duties.

Of the world's ocean shipping, but 3.4 per cent is carried in American ships, while 56 per cent is the proportion secured by the British merchant marine. Of the foreign commerce of the United States, about 75 per cent is carried in British ships and only about 11 per cent in American ships. This was not always the condition prevailing, and the decline of the American merchant marine has not come about without a cause. A brief history of our national legislation touching this interest will not be unprofitable.

The first act of the first congress, signed by Goorge Washington as president, July 4, 1789, afforded protection to American ship owners by the policy known as "discriminating duties;" that is, a higher duty was exacted on imports carried in foreign ships than in those transported in American ships. At the time of the enactment of that law, Ameriour commerce. The effect of the law was at once felt, and the first year the national wealth. after its adoption our ships carried no such law has been re-enacted, the best fed men of their calling on party alone is responsible. giving absolute free trade in the carrying business. The effect of the repeal was not so sudden, as a magalong without protection, as our free tries to-day) but it was none the less lic question. sure. In 1861, American ships carried 66 per cent instead of 90, in cratic friends to question the accu- alone is responsible. 1866 only 28 per cent, and to-day 11 racy or authenticity of the above per cent.

Surely, these facts are astounding. What interest can this have to the none the less interested in the wel- Arthur Sewall of Bath, Maine, demodustry, and especially one of any dency. considerable importance. The foreign commerce of the United States amounts to nearly two billions of ships carrying freights, passengers of the world" to the products of tion of President Harrison, almost tarrh to be a constitutional disease, and and mails to and from the United American labor. We have had a eight years ago. States aggregate \$300,000,000 per measure modeled on the free trade is paid to British ship owners, and the past three years. How have the fear, losing sight to a great extent of only 11 per cent to American ship "markets of the world" been opened this great issue, protection or free owners. Experience has shown that to us? In 1892, our exports amount-trade. Democratic tariff policy has

GENERAL DANIEL E. SICKLES TO THE OLD SOLDIERS.

"I ask you to consider and reflect upon the sacred interests involved in the present situation of our public affairs. I know you love your country. You have given to it the best proof of devotion man can give-you have defended it in

"Let me urge you and every Union veteran to lay aside party feeling now and unite for national honor and for law and order, as you did in '61 to '65 against treason and rebellion. The present crisis seems to me as vital to the welfare of the country as that which called us to the field before.

"Some of the principles for which we then contended are again at stake. Sectionalism. repudiation, and mob rule are threatened. Many of us were obliged to choose between our country and our party in those days. I feel that this is a time when all true patriots should stand together, prefering their country, its honor, good faith, and untarnished name above all mere partisan consideration.

"Mr. Bryan and many of his supporters are trying to combine the South and West against the North and East. This is sectionalism, of which the rebellion was the offspring. Will you follow these guides into dangerous paths, or will you not rather follow Washington in "frowning upon the first dawning of every attempt to alienate one portion of our country from the rest, or to enfeeble the ties which now link together the various parts?" Sectionalism has become hateful to most of our old adversaries in the South, who have outgrown the asperities of war, and are now as loyal to their united country as any of us. Union veterans, who fought for one union, one constitution, and one destiny, can never favor any candidate or party seeking to array one section of our common country against another.

"To those who, like myself, adhered to the dem. ocratic party, let me say that the platform and candidate presented by the Chicago convention are not democratic. They are disowned and denounced by millions of the best democrats in the land. No man of recognized authority in finance indorses the financial policy of the Chicago platform. You are not populists, nor socialists, nor revolutionists. Read the platform adopted by democratic national conventions in former years and you will see that the last Chicago convention rejected all the best traditions of our history and adopted much of the revolutionary creeds of the populists and free silverites, and socialists, dictated by Altgeld, Tillman & Co. They repudiated you and your party and your principles. They have no claim to your support. Let us defeat

"Comrade McKinley stands for all that Americans must now uphold. He has been chosen as the candidate of the party which is resisting national dishonor. You and I can do no better than give our votes to our comrade, who manifested his love for his country by shouldering his musket and serving for nearly two years as a private soldier."

can ships carried but 23 per cent of ing of this sum in the country each Irishman's flea. The fact is that the year would be no mean addition to reciprocity idea, condemned as a

Those World Wide Markets.

90 per cent of this vast amount can be turned to American ships by wise \$807,538,165. The markets of the commerce, increased our public debt it fails to cure. Send for circulars and commerce, increased our public debt it fails to cure. Send for circulars and commerce, increased our public debt it. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

fraud by the democratic party, open-Why is discrimination necessary to ed up many markets that are now 40 per cent, the second year 55 per build up a merchant marine? Be- closed against us. A falling off of cent, the third year 64 per cent, the cause it costs something like 30 per upward of \$200,000,000 in exports fourth year 79 per cent, the fifth year cent more in wages and as high as may be the democratic notion of pro-88 per cent, and thereafter, except 50 per cent more for food to run moting our national prosperity, but leaders such men as Tillman, who during the war of 1812, 90 per cent. American ships than foreign ships. to us it seems patent that the loss in until the repeal of the discriminating American seamen, like American exports is a loss to the American duties act in 1828, since which time workmen, are the best paid and people, for which the democratic

Again such a word as "deficit" The republican party is pledged, was unknown in the modern treasury by its national platform, to the en- statements of the United States unnificent merchant marine had been actment of such a law protecting til since the enactment of the present built, (gotten big enough to get American ships, and this is another free trade law. In the years 1894 instance of the republican party get- and 1895, the deficit of revenues from trade friends say of protected indus- ting upon the patriotic side of a pub- ordinary expenses of the government authority that two-thirds of the Amwas the sum of \$112,608,474. For erican silver mines are owned in We do not want any of our demo- this deficit, the democratic party England.

During every republican adminisstatistics, as we have good demo- tration since the close of the war, cratic authority for them. Our in- the interest bearing debt was deformation comes direct from the creased, \$233,588,950 being paid by Michigan voter? Simply this: While American Merchant Marine Associa- the government during President Michigan is not a seaboard state, it is tion, the president of which is Hon. Harrison's administration. During Mr. Cleveland's present administrafare of every legitimate American in- cratic candidate for the vice-presi- tion the interest bearing debt has been increased \$262,500,000, so that, as a direct result of democratic control of affairs, we are to-day in debt One great cry of the free trader as a nation \$29,000,000 deeper than dollars annually, and the earnings of has always been to open the "markets | we were at the date of the inaugura- cure with local treatment, pronounced

discriminating duties, and the keep- world seem to be elusive as the and repeated the experience of the Sold by druggists, 75c.

country in every free trade era since the foundation of the government. And yet the democratic party has the assurance to come up serenely and ask the people of the United States to elect William Jennings Bryan, an avowed free trader of the most extreme type, a man who in congress voted for the Wilson bill, as he said, not because it was in his esti mation an ideal measure, but because it was a step in the right direction, a man who was one of those that carried Wm. Wilson on their shoulders triumphantly through the house of representatives after the passage of the Wilson bill.

In spite of the loud free silver talk, the democratic party is the same old free trade party, with free trade principles and a free trade candi-

If the present tariff law is a "step in the right direction," we believe it is time to take a step backward. We cannot see how any protectionist can vote the democratic ticket.

It is idle for democratic orators to indulge in mouthings about "English domination of our financial policy," while they themselves stand for a free trade policy that experience has shown enables foreign manufacturers to control our whole industrial fabric.

The Northerner firmly believes free silver would be a national disaster, but, did we not so believe, even though we were ardent believers in the free coinage theory, yet we would not support free silver candidates if in so doing we were forced, as is the free silverite this year, to support free trade at the same time. The tariff policy of the United States is of vastly more importance to our national prosperity than any other government policy.

The Farmer and the Railroads.

One of the misleading arguments of "Coin" and his free coinage followers, is that, in spite of the depressed agricultural condition, the farmer is obliged to pay as much to the great railroad corporations for the same service as when wheat was worth upwards of a dollar a bushel. The statement is not borne out by the facts.

The Statistical Abstract for 1893, published by the treasury department, gives the price per ton, per mile, which the railways have received for carrying freight, a few of which will be sufficient:

It will be observed that the freight rate is but little over half what it

was twenty years ago.

"THE new democratic party will take these rascally judges by the throat and teach them that there is some liberty left in the land," is the way Senator Ben. Tillman pays his respects to the supreme court of the United States. We do not believe it wise to entrust the affairs of our national government to a party that intimates its intention of making the supreme court a political and partisan institution and that recognizes as characterizes the justices of the purest and most honorable court on earth as "rascally judges."

Why wouldn't it be well for the silverites, whose chief stock in trade has come to be denunciation of British "gold bugs," to turn their attention to English silver barons for a little while? It is said on good

"Goods are too high; we want free trade to cheapen them," has been the democratic cry for years. Now they say, "Goods are too low; we want free silver to raise the prices." Verily, the democracy is a queer bundle of inconsistencies.

There is more catarrh in this section together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to therefore requires constitutional treat-ment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufac-In all the talk and bluster over tured by F. J. Cheney & Co, Toledo, annum. 75 per cent of this amount plan, as the tariff law of the land for the silver question, voters are, we Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful

Our Kitchen

No kitchen is kept cleaner than the premises devoted to the manufacture of NONE SUCH Mince Mest. No housewife can be more fastidious in the matter of preparing food than we are in the selection and preparation of the materials of which it is made. The cleaning of the currants (for one thing) is more thoroughly done by means of perfected appliances, than it would be possible to do it by hand.

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